SACRIFICE SLUICE

Goods Running Out in a Solid Stream.

THE CROWDS GET THE BARGAINS! WE GET THE ROOM.

EVERYTHING CUT TO GO.

Remnants of Silks, Dress Goods, Lawns, Batistes, Challies, Calleoes, Gingbams, Muslins and Linens, Laces and Embroideries. Odds and Ends in Gloves, Hosiery, Muslin, Underwear, Corsets, Odd Napkins The accumulation of weeks of the Great Rush. They must be sold. ALL MARKED AT PRICES TO SELL

L. S. AYRES & CO.



"FRIENDS, ROMANS, COUNTRYMEN!"

-ASTMAN, SCHLEICHER

FURNITURE, & LEE Carpets, Draperies, Wall Paper. The Largest House in the State.



TEACHERS' INSTITUTES.

Dates and Places of Holding Those in the Various Counties of the State.

The following are the places of holding and the dates of the county teachers' institutes for the year of 1893 for the State of

Adams, Decatur, Aug. 28-Sept. 1 Allen, Fort Wayne, Sept. 4-8. Bartholomew, Columbus, Aug. 7-11. Benton, Fowler, Aug. 21-25. Blackford, Hartford City, Sept. 4-8. cone, Lebanon, Aug. 28-Sept. 1. Brown, Nashville, Aug. 21-25. Carroll, Delphi, Aug. 21-25. Cass, Logansport, Aug. 28-Sept. 1. Clark, Charlestown, Aug. 21-25. Clay, Brazil, Aug. 14-18. Clinton, Frankfort, Aug. 21-25. Crawford, Leavenworth, Aug. 28-Sept. 1. Daviess, Washington, Aug. 14-18. Dearborn, Lawrenceburg, Aug. 28-Sept. 1. Decatur, Greensburg, Aug. 28-Sept. 1.
Decatur, Greensburg, Aug. 21-25.
Delaware, Muncie, Aug. 21-25.
Dubois, Jasper, July 24-28.
Elkhart, Goshen, Aug. 21-25. Fayette, Connersville, Aug. 21-Sept. 1. Floyd, New Albany, July 24-28. Fountain, Covington, Aug. 14-18.
Franklin, Brookville, Aug. 28-Sept. 1.
Fulton, Rochester, Aug. 21-25.
Gibson, Princeton, Sept. 4-8.
Grant, Marion, Aug. 28-Sept. 1.
Greene, Bloomfield, Aug. 21-25.
Hamilton, Cicaro, Aug. 21-25. Hamilton, Cicero, Aug. 21-25.
Hancock, Greenfield, Aug. 14-18.
Harrison, Corydon, Aug. 21-25.
Hendricks, Danville, Aug. 7-11.
Henry, New Castle, Aug. 21-25.
Howard, Kokomo, Aug. 28-Sept. 1.
Huntington, Huntington, Aug. 28-Sept. 1. Jackson, Brownstown, July 31-Aug. 3. Jasper, Rensselaer, Aug. 28-Sept. 1. Jefferson, Madison, Aug. 21-25. Jennings, Vernon, Aug. 21-25. Johnson, Franklin, Aug. 14-18. Knox, Vincennes, Aug. 28-Sept. 1. Kosciusko, Warsaw, Aug. 28-Sept. 1. Lagrange, Lagrange, Aug. 28-Sept. 1. Lake, Crown Point, Aug. 21-25. Laporte, Laporte, Aug. 14-18. Lawrence, Mitchell, Aug. 14-18. Madison, Anderson, Aug. 28-Sept. 1.
Marion, Indianapolis, Aug. 28-Sept. 1.
Marshall, Plymouth, Aug. 28-Sept. 1.
Martin, Shoals, Aug. 7-11.
Miami, Peru, Aug. 21-25. Monree, Bloomington, Aug. 21-25.
Montgomery, Crawfordsville, Aug. 21-25.
Morgan, Martinsville, July 31-Aug. 4.
Newton, Kentland, Aug. 21-25.
Noble, Albion, Aug. 7-11.
Orange, Paoli, Aug. 14-18. Owen, Spencer, Aug. 7-11.
Parke, Rockville, Aug. 28-Sept. 1.
Perry, Cannelton, Aug. 14-19.
Pike, Petersburg, Sept. 4-8. Porter, Valparaiso, Aug. 28-Sept. 1. Posey Mt. Vernon, July 31-Aug. 4. Pulaski, Winamac, Sept. 4-8. Putnam, Greencastle, July 31-Aug. 4. Randolph, Winchester, Aug. 21-25. Ripley, Versailles, Aug. 14-15. Rush, Rushville, Aug. 21-25. Scott, Scottsburg, Aug. 28-Sept. 1. Shelby, Shelbyville, Aug. 21-25. Spencer, Bockport, Aug. 28-Sept. 1. Starke, Knox, Sept. 4-8. St. Joseph, South Bend, Aug. 28-Sept. 1. Steuben, Angola, Nov. 6-10. Bullivan, Sullivan, Aug. 21-25. Switzerland, Vevay, Sept. 4-8.
Tippecanoe, Lafayette, Sept. 4-8.
Union, Liberty, Aug. 21-25.
Vanderburg, Evansville, Aug. 28-Sept. 1.
Varnviller, Clinton, Luke 24-22. Vermillion, Clinton, July 24-28. Vigo, Terre Haute, Aug. 28-Sept. 1. Wabash, Wabash, Aug. 21-25. Warren, Williamsport, Aug. 21-25. Warrick, Boonville, Aug. 14-18. Washington, Salem, Aug. 7-11. Wayne, Centerville, Aug. 21-25. Weils, Bluffton, Aug. 7-11. White, Monticello, Aug. 28-Sept. 1.

---Disappeared from Home. Fred Biggert, aged twenty-four years, is a wanderer from his father's home, at No. 210 West McCarty street. He left the house Saturday night late, bareheaded, and without his shoes. His parents believe he is demented.

NEW side-boardsat Wm. L. Elder's.

Whitley, Columbia City, Sept. 4-9.

SIM COY IN COMMAND AGAIN

Why the Administration Was Under Obligations to Help the Little Boss.

History of the Notorious Trick by Which the Municipal Election Two Years Ago Was Won for Sullivan.

Played "Traitor" to Help His Party Out and Is Now to Receive His Reward.

City Officeholders Out in Force to Help Coy Beat White-Democratic Organs Not So Excited as They Were.

Sim Coy has again assumed full control of the Democratic machine in this city, through the help of Mayor Sullivan and the Lieber-Frenzel gang, and in connection therewith is an interesting history that dates back to the beginning of the campaign two years ago. The Journal has always told the truth about Sim Coy and his machinations, but it is in better position to demonstrate these truths now than it has been in times past, when Coy by his cunning succeeded in electing Sullivan Mayor. Two years ago the Democratic machine carried the city by ostensibly shoving Coy on the Republicans, in a coup that had its effect in not only deceiving many of the Republican voters of this city, but the two Democratic organs themselves. The coup was conceived by Coy himself, who was assisted by Chairman Taggart and several of the corporations who had axes to grind through the Mayor. There were circumstances before the election of 1891 that materially aided Coy in his low trickery.

The Journal has, by its exposes of Coy's methods, made the little Democratic boss odious to all decent citizens, and on all occasions, when it was necessary, the Journal has given his record. Coy did not appear on the surface of the campaign of 1891 un-til within a few weeks before the election. He was not a resident of the city, having bought a road house east of the city. He was not a candidate for Council, and apparently had no great interest in the campaign, which was then well on. Before that time he had aided Mayor Sullivan in marking off the gerrymander which was afterwards passed by the Democratic Council. He was familiar with the political lay of the land in all parts of the city, and he had to be called upon publicly, even if it became known that he was aiding the Mayor in this scheme to disbecame known that he was aiding the Mayor in this scheme to disfranchise Republican voters. Coy was also called upon by the Democratic committee to help through the Council before election an ordinance permitting the expenditure of \$30,000 in street repairs. This sum was used in employing Democratic heelers and ward-workers. The Mayor, in anticipation of the scheme which was cooking, endeavored to keep Coy in the background as much as possible. At the time the Journal noted all these matters, but it could not be determined positively that Coy was taking any other part in the campaign than that noted. It was given out by the Democratic committee, with a purpose and design, that Coy and Bill Hicklin were members of the disaffected element of the Democratic party. This report was industriously circulated in all political quarters, and many Republicans believed it. After this, believing that Coy's own party were attempting to retire Coy, the Journal ceased to make the little boss an important issue in the campaign.

But Coy and the other astate managers of the Sullivan party were quietly laying the lines for the scheme they were in a pring

But Coy and the other astate managers of the Sullivan party were quietly laying the lines for the scheme they were to spring when it became too late for the Republicans to expose it. Coy saw a better opportunity to co his party a great service than he ever had before. He knew that he would get his reward if the scheme was successful. Coy also was keenly aware of the fact that his name was odious to Republicans and to all others who loved pure politics. The odinm attached to Coy's politics. The odium attached to Coy's name was to be the capital stock of the Democratic conspirators.

The central idea was that Coy was to have himself accused of seiling out to the Republicans, and the Democratio organs and claquers were to hold up their hands in horror at the apparent treachery. The prospective effect of all this was readily apparent; it would cause many of the Republicans to get as far away as possible from candidates that had any relations with such a man as Sim Coy, whose name was synonymous with ballot-box crookedness. The plan was to create the impression that Coy was dickering with the Republican candidates. The scheme was launched by Coy and the Sullivan gang, and it had its desired effects on a large number of Re publicans who were easily deceived. It was too close to election day to expose the conspiracy and make the truth known. Election was only two weeks off when the echeme was sprung. The writer knows positively that there was no deal between Sim Coy and any Republican, nor was there any attempt towards such a deal made.
The only Republican who had long talks
with Coy was the writer himself, to whom
Coy poured out the alleged stories of his
mistreatment, with an attempt to further his scheme by getting the stories published

in the Journal. The two Democratic organs, the Sentinel and the News, fell in line with the plan of the conspirators and the Sentinel printed a story of several columns, claiming that Coy had sold out to the Republicans for \$2,500. The Republicans did not have so much as \$2,500 during the entire campaign of 1891. The News took up the story and printed interviews with the willing Coy, in which he lent color to the story in an adroit way that was calculated to carry substance with the story. The Journal and the Republican committee were dumfounded at the claim. They felt that it
was a bold stroke of the enemy, as a last
desperate resort. Coy had himself interviewed several more times and then he
went to the road house to finish the brilliant coup. Taggart and the Sullivanites were very well pleased with the success, but they thought it would be well to make the effect sure. Coy openly addressed notes and letters from his road house to members of the Republican committee and candidates, asking them to come out to the road house to see him as night. The conspirators saw that the sending of these notes wasduly recorded in the Democratic papers a day or so after they were sent. The Repaid no attention to them, and did not go near Coy or his road house. Coy thought perhaps some Republican might come out to see him and fall in the trip he and Tag-gart had prepared. Taggart had sent to Chicago for Pinkerton detectives, who were stationed at the road house. These dectives were to get descriptions of men who visited Coy, and these descriptions were to be made public with the names of the Republicans whom the descriptions fitted. Coy was to give the detectives the tip when the Republicans came near. The detectives had little to do however, for no Republicans went near Coy or his place. Taggart was estensibly to be spying on Coy's move-ments in the interest of the Democratic party. In this way the presence of the Pinkertons at the road house could be ex-

plained. The Journal vigorously denied that there was any deal between Coy and the Republicans, but the Democratic papers contin-ued to grind out the falsehood, and some Republicans began to go over to the Sul-livan forces. It is not believed that the Democratic papers were fully aware of the despicable trick that Coy and the other managers were resorting to, for it is hardly probable that men like editors Morss and liolliday would make themselves party to any such low methods, even in politics. After the election had been carried

by this trick the Democratic committee loaned Coy more money. Although the road house was not even making expenses, Coy was living high and spending plenty of money that was furnished him from Democratic sources. After Sullivan's second term was secured there was not so much secreey about the scheme that had been worked, and the details began to leak out.

In the county election, when the managers of the Democratic machine felt they had a sure thing on carrying the county. Coy loomed up in his true colors, and was

a shining figure at Democratic headquarters, where he was employed by Chairman John R. Wilson. His particular duty was to look after the appointment of judges and clerks, men who could be trusted in an emergency, and also to secure the appointment of any Republican judges that he thought he might approach if it became necessary. The road house was sold, and the money borrowed of Taggart paid. Then Coy sold himself to John P. Frenzel and Albert Lieber, who had some schemes which required wire pulling and aid from

the city government.

Almost any day last spring Coy could be seen in the Merchants' National Bank, consulting with one of his new masters, for the new work required the most cau-tions preliminary skirmishing. It was seen that the affair would nec-essarily require the aid of the Mayor, and the manner of securing Sullivan's aid became the immediate problem. Frenzel knew that Sullivan wanted another term as Mayor, and he knew also that Sullivan was a man with a very weak backbone. The street-car strike had ably demonstrated this. Downing had come out as a candidate against Sullivan, at the request of the Cleveland Club, and the Frenzel gang let out a line to the effect that they were for Downing. Coy was an active member of the board of managers of the Cleveland Club, and he had the power to carry Downing through or dump him, just as Coy's masters desired. This bluff worked well with Sullivan, and he turned to and helped Frenzel get through the scheme. Then Sullivan got the Frenzel-Lieber support. and Coy dumped Downing. Sullivan got his reward, and Sim waited for the next move. The Sullivanites felt so sure that they could elect Sullivan, supposing the Republicans were too badly demoralized to make a fight this campaign, that they were willing for Coy to sail under his true colors again. Sullivan even now feels that he can easily win, with the strong backing of the gambiers whom he is permitting to run under full blast, and Sim is the man, he believes, to hold the gamblers up to the mark.

The Indianapolis Brewing Company, of which Albert Lieber is the manager, built a new block in the alley, just north of Washington street, and installed Sim in a new saloon, which is to be the Sullivan headquarters down town this campaign. Sim spent most of his time before the late Democratic convention hustling for Sullivan, and he was largely instrumental in securing his nomination. It was recognized in the City Hall, and is recognized now, that the Sullivan manager-in-chief is Coy. His work on the floor of the Democratic convention at Tombinson Hall was effective, for his strength represented the majority Sullivan got over his competitors. Coy saw the golden opporpetitors. Coy saw the golden opportunity to get back into Council, where he
again could be the tool of corporations and
the Frenzel gang, and the administration
was willing that he should come out openly. Coy decided to make the race in the
Ninth ward, and for the last few weeks he
has been holding almost daily conferences
with the Mayor and other members of the
city government. The administration gave
the cue to the members of the street gangs
and the engineering department, and these and the engineering department, and these forces all turned out on last Saturday to nominate Coy. It was the intention of the nominate Coy. It was the intention of the administration to nominate J. F. White, the labor representative, as a councilman at large, but on Saturday he declared that he would not be made a cat's-paw of in any such manner as that. The administration was determined to give Sim his reward, even if it had to sacrifice Mr. White, who has been very popular with the laboring classes. The reward was given, and now Sim Coy is the Democratic administration candidate for Council in the Ninth ward. candidate for Council in the Ninth ward. Mr. White was defeated by an overwhelming vote, although he was nominated without trouble before, when the strength of the Sullivanites was not arrayed against

The morning Democratic organ, the Sentinel, had very little to say about Coy until after the Democratic convention that nominated Sullivan, and a few days before the primary in the Ninth ward it came out in a few paragraphs that were not intended to have any effect. The News, the evening Democratic organ, had nothing to say about Coy's candidacy until the day of the primary, when it had a little paragraph, a very mild one at that. The primaries were well under way even when this inoffensive well under way even when this inoffensive paragraph appeared.

TOOK A FATAL DOSE.

Alchohel and Capsicum, Combined with Overexertion, Caused Carroll's Sudden Death.

Peter H. Carroll, residing at the corner of Elizabeth and Locke streets, died very suddenly about 5 o'clock yesterday morning, after an hour's illness. He was an employe of the Kothe, Wells & Co. wholesale grocery, on South Meridian street, where he worked unusually hard on Saturday, but was apparently in his usual health when he retired. About 4 o'clock he awoke his wife, complaining of feeling bad and arose and walked down stairs. Returning in a few minutes he lay down again, but grew worse and a physician from the City Hospital was called to see him. Several other physicians were summened, but the patient sank rapidly until his death.

Coroner Beck investigated the nature of the symptoms shown by the sick man, and concluded that death was the result of overexertion and the effect of a stimulant of alcohol and capsicum, which Carroll took when he first complained of feeling ill. The deceased was forty-three years of age.
For several years he was a member of the
Merchant police force of Indianapolis and
for some time was engaged in detective
work for the Reform School at Plainfield.
He was a brother-in-law of police officer
Shaffer. He leaves a wife, but no chil-

DROWNED WHILE BATHING.

Geerge Williams, a Bell Bey, Lost in White River Yesterday Afternoon.

George Williams, a young colored man, twenty years of age, employed at the Bates House as bell boy, was drowned in the river yesterday afternoon while bathing near the Michigan-street bridge. Williams met his death in the fatal "Barber's hole" while beyond his depth and suffering from an attack of cramps. There were several bathers in the river at the time of the accident, but they could not assist the drowning man. Coroner Beck was summoned to the river, and instructed Foutz & Fitzbugh, the undertakers, to recover the body. For several hours the dead man lay at the morgue unidentified, his friends having fled before the body was recovered. Late last night his wife viewed the body and announced that it was that of her hus-

SUNDAY CLOSING OF GROCERIES.

South-Street Baptist Congregation En-

courages the Grocers' Union.

Before services at the South-street Baptist Church yesterday morning the congregation adopted a resolution expressing their commendation of the efforts of the Retail Merchants' Commercial Association to enforce the closing of business houses on Sunday. The resolutions were as follow: Resolved, That we commend the Retail Merchants' Commercial Association for their action in the matter of closing their places of business on Sunday and their efforts in seeing that the laws are obeyed.

Resolved, That we condemn the anti-closingorganization of merchants in this city, whose purpose is to violate the law, instead of obeying it, by keeping their places of business open on

\$4.50-CHICAGO AND RETURN-\$4.50.

Commencing Saturday, July 15, '93, and until further notice the Monon Route will sell tickets to Chicago and return at the above low rate, tickets good for ten days, and good going on ALL TRAINS, including the popular morning train. which leaves Indianapolis at 7 a. m. Thus avoid the noonday and afternoon heat. The only line with an early morning train. Five trains each way daily. All Monon trains stop at Englewood.

\$3.50-TO CHICAGO AND RETURN-\$3.50 Via the Popular Route,

The Lake Erie & Western railroad and steamer "Soo City." The above will be the rate for every day and train via this route. Tickets good re-turning until Oct. 31. Free reclining chairs on night trains. For time of trains, tickets, reserved chairs, etc., call at city office, 46 South Illinois street, Massachusetts avenue or Union

City Will Borrow \$87,500 of the New York Life Company at 6 Per Cent.

Question of Taking Up Those Defaulted Bonds Was Discussed, but No Arrangement Has Yet Been Made.

Controller Woollen has returned from Chicago, where he went to confer with the officers of the New York insurance company that offered to lend the city temporary funds to tide it over till the November taxes come in. Mr. Woollen is suffering slightly, and was confined to his bed yesterday, but will be able to be at his office to-day. He said that he had met the insurance company officers, and found them ready to lend the city temporary funds, as stated in their letter to the Mayor last week. The amount to be borrowed from the company will not be in excess of \$87,500, as the Council only authorized a loan of \$100,000, and \$12,500 has already been borrowed on this account. Mr. Woollen said the officers of the company told him the money desired by the city could be placed at his service after Wednesday. He does not yet know whether he will obtain the money of the company this week or not, but it is quite probable the loan will be closed before next Saturday. It had been reported that the company would want a commission in addition to the rate of 6 per cent., but Mr. Woollen says the loan is a straight six-per-cent. one without commission. The company does not want to lend out its money in dribs, and, while it is willing to let the city have the big sum on short time, it is hardly willing to loan it in installments,

It was stated in the city offices on Saturday that the insurance company might take the new issue of bonds that were intended to refund the \$621,000 of outstanding bonds. Mr. Woollen was asked about the matter, but he said that although he thinks it best for the public to know exactly what its officials are doing, yet he does not believe it good policy to detail negotiations at present. Too many negotiations have fallen through on this account. There is no doubt but this matter was discussed by the Controller and officials at

There is a rub, however, in disposing of the refunding bonds to the insurance com-pany, even if Coffin & Stanton are willing that the transfer should be made. The Controller has no authority to dispose of the bonds to the company. If the com-pany is willing to take the bonds, it must get them of Coffin & Stanton. If the Council makes a move to change the bonds,
Coffin & Stanton will slip away with their
\$31,000 forfeit, which is supposed to be in
Frenzel's bank. Mr. Woollen was told of
the interview with Mr. Stanton in yesterday's Journal, in which the New Yorker
said he was willing to take the bonds if the issue was legalized. Mr. Woollen said he was not antagonistic to Coffin & Stanton, but he thought such talk was for the purpose of having the Council make some alteration in the bonds which would enable the New York firm to get away with their forfeit, because the bonds then would not be the same bonds they had bid upon, and they might be legally justified in refusing to take them. Mr. Woollen does not intend to let the firm work any game of that kind on the city if he can help it.

The Controller states that a representative of one of the largest financial concerns in the country has called upon him since the failure of Coffin & Stanton to take the bonds, and offered to take them. No price was named, for the Controller has no authority to sell the bonds.

The idea of the administration, it seems, is to get Stanton & Coffin's forfeit to indemnify the city, and then readvertise the

TURNING UP STULEN GOODS.

A Couple of Watches Lost in Recent Burglaries Recovered-Clew to More Thieves.

Sergeant Hyland and patrolmen Harris and Winn have important points which they expect in a day or two will develop in the arrest of other members of the gang of burgiars broken up last week. Yesterday the officers secured a lady's solid gold watch, which the prisoner Davenport had stolen and traded for a shotgun. It is not known who owns the watch, but it is thought to belong to one of the North-side victims of recent burglaries. A silver watch, taken from J. K. Cooper, at No. 121 Ruckle street, was found in the possession of W. S. Cole, bartender at the Stock saloon. Cole claims to have bought the watch from one of the three men under

On Saturday it was learned by the officers that two boys living in the vicinity of No. 129 West Second street saw two negroes about the house of Adolph Bretzlaff, monds and several gold rings. The youths say they will be able to identify the men they saw, and to-day will be taken before Davenport and his pals. The officers might have learned this fact from the Journal the next morning after the robbery occurred. Now is the time to subscribe.

A SUNDAY BEER PARTY.

Joseph Cransan's Festivities Brought to an End on a Neighbor's Complaint.

Joseph Cransan, at No. 403 Yandes street, has a way of spending the Sabbath that is most unique in design as well as inconvenient to his neighbors. Mrs. Richard Albright, Cransan's nearest neighbor, is the most vigorous objector to Joseph's vagaries. Mrs. Albright takes oath that she can't remember the Sunday when her neighbor did not tap a keg of beer in his back yard and

with a choice little party of congenial friends devote the day to riotous revelry.

Yesterday it seems all things were propitious for Joseph's regular beer party, and he tapped the keg bright and early. Mrs. Albright, during the morning, was indiscreet enough to call across the lot in a tone of remonstrance to the host, and it proved a sorry moment for her. Joseph foamed more furious than the lager within him, and the woman says that during the balance of the day she was made the target for the most violent abuse. Finally, in sheer desperation, she acquainted officers Harris and Winn with the manner of entertainment Cransan was furnishing his guests, and the festivities came to a close by the arrest of the offensive host.

HEAT AND HEART FAILURE.

Frederick Pflueger Fell Out of Bed and Expired Almost Instantly.

Frederick Pflueger, aged torty years, died vesterday morning of heart failure, superinduced by heat prostration, at his home, on East Michigan street. The circumstances of his death are peculiar from the fact that he was in good health on Saturday. On Saturday night he did considerable work in Eighth-ward politics. He retired late, and his family were not aware that he was ill until about 3 o'clock yesterday morning, when his wife was awakened by the sound of a heavy fall at the bedside. She sprang up and found her husband ly-ing on the floor, dead.

Mr. Pflueger was engaged in the saloon and grocery business, and had accumulated considerable wealth. He was the father of six children. Coroner Beck was called to view the remains, and rendered a vergict in accordance with the facts stated above.

Supposed Burgiar Caught. William Jackson, a colored man representing himself to be an employe of one of the asphalt paving companies, was arrested about 8 o'clock yesterday morning by officers Colbert and Wheeler and detective Jeffries. The officers were returning from a trip with the patrol wagon and saw Jackson skulking about the corner of Pennsylvania and St. Clair streets. He ran when the wagon stopped and was only caught after a smart chase of two squares. The

prisoner had in his pocket a contrivance which the detectives believe is a common implement used among burglars. Jackson will be detained.

The Stable Was Fired.

The stable owned by James Wright, at No. 76 West New York street, was discovered in flames early yesterday morning. The fire department saved the barn with slight loss. The fire is thought to have been an incendiary, from the fact that a lot of old rage, saturated with coal oil, and partially burned, were found inside by one of the firemen.

WHAT IS IT That creates so much talk over the "Admiralt" answers: They are made from exceptionally high-cost stock, with which is used an unusually fine texture of special paper, the combination resulting in furnishing the highest grade eigarette ever before placed on the market.

\$4.50-CHICAGO AND RETURN-\$4.50 Via Pennsylvania Lines From Indianapolis. Tickets good ten days. For details call on ticket agents of the Pennsylvania Lines. W. F. BRUNNER, D. P. A.

Hill's Stiding Window Screens.

Leave your orders with us for Hill's Stiding Window Screens. Can fit you out in good shape at reduced prices, painted any color, or varnished. Also Hill's Stiding Inside Blinds. Don't forget we have the best Refrigerator made, and the Rapid Ice Cream Freezer is not equaled by any other on the market.

HILDEBRAND & FUGATE,

52 South Meridian street.

ULIUS C. WALK. CARL F. WALK. FINE WATCHES

Our first shipment of fine Patek, Philippe & Co. Watches is at hand. These shipments will continue until our fall stock is complete. We invite you to see this line before the assortment is broken.

Bingham 8

Leading Jeweler. No. 12 East Washington St. General agent for the Patek, Philippe & Co., Vacheron & Constantin, and E. Koehn celebrated Swiss Watches.

WAWASEE.

The WAWASEE CLUB, on Lake Wawases, Indi ns, will accommodate a number of guests, in addition to their members, for the summer.

The Club House is new and newly furnished. Situated on the lake bluff. An excellent table, with fresh vegetables from our own garden. 350 feet of wide verandas. Bath rooms and all conveniences. Fine boating and fishing. Two steamers. Splendid place for families. Hart's orghestra engaged for the

RATES-\$12 per week; \$2 per day. Nurses and children under 12, half rates. Big Four trains leave Indianapolis every day at 6 a. m. and 11:55 a. m., via Milford Junction, or stage line from Milford.

B. & O. trains leave Wawasee at 8:10 a. m., arrive at World's Fair, via South Chicago, at 11:40 a. m. Returning, leaves the World's Fair at 5 p. m. Ar-

rives at Wawasee at 8:25 p. m. S. E. ARNOLD, Manager, Wawasee, Kosciusko county, Indiana.

OPEN AIR CONCERT, ORCHESTRAL MUSIC, By OSTENDORF'S BAND.

> Tuesday, July 18, Wednesday, July 19, Thursday, July 20, And Friday, July 21,

Armstrong Park.

This Park is open every night till 11 p. m.

REFRESHMENTS, SWINGS And Plenty of Good Seats.

Take NORTH INDIANAPOLIS Electric Can

"To Inspire Confidence."

A prominent citizen offered to loan \$25,000 to the city of Indianapolis. There was a string attached to his proposition and he didn't do it.

NO STRING ATTACHED TO THIS:

We propose to make to order, from any Light-weight Woolen in our house (Worsteds alone excepted), a handsome, stylish, well-fitting Man's Suit for the wonderfully low price of

TWENTY DOLLARS

Trousers in the same fabrics, \$5.

KAHN TAILORING CO

22 and 24 East Washington Street. No connection with any other house.

Warm Weather Dainties

"What sort of cake shall I give you!"
Asked the man of the polar bear, at the Zoo.

"If you want to give me something nice, Make it a good big cake of ice!"

For Boys and Girls, and older people, Parrott & Taggart offer WALNUT WAFERS

CHOCOLATE WAFERS, CHARLOTTE RUSSE. HOOSIERS and LUNCH MILKS.

Ask your grocer for them

& KROEGER PIANOS

ARE TAKING THE LEAD. N.W. BRYANT&CO. SOLE AGENTS.

- SMOKE -

CIGARETTES. NOT MADE BY A TRUST.

A New Book by the Author of "Ben-Hur." THE PRINCE OF INDIA: OR WHY CONSTANTINOPLE FELL.

By General LEW WALLACE. Two volumes. 16mo. cloth. Price \$2.50, prepaid. Ready to. delivery early in July. Advance orders solicited. CATHCART, CLELAND & CO., 6 East Washington street, Indianapolis, Ind.

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